#CE4EUislands – Workshop: Energy Storage opportunities for EU Islands: about batteries and beyond...



EEM's Experience in Managing Energy Storage Assets in Madeira Island's Electrical System

The Autonomous Region of Madeira experience: Batteries and Pumped Hydro

Diogo Vasconcelos

EEM – Empresa de Electricidade da Madeira, S.A. (DEP-Studies and Planning Directorate)

Madeira Island's "#CE4EUIslands - 30 for 30 Challenge" Transition Team











EEM – Empresa de Electricidade da Madeira, S.A.

≈ 900 km (no interconnection

(Electricity Producer, TSO, DSO, Supplier)

PV; 3,7%

Solid Waste: 5,1%

Thermal (Natural Gas); 17.1%

Hydro; 7,4% _ Wind; 17,5%



Power Generation Mix – 2024 – Madeira Island

Thermal (Diesel);

49,2%



Share of RES in Porto Santo: 12,3%

≈ 50 km

(no interconnection)

Islands Goals:

 \rightarrow 50% RES by **2025/26**

 \rightarrow \geq 60% RES by **2030**

Total Installed Power - 389,08 MW

Area: 741 km²

Peak Demand $\approx 156,66 \text{ MW } (16/12 - 18h00)$

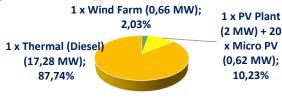
Total EE emission to the grid ≈ 917,71 GWh

MADEIRA ISLAND

PV Solid Waste Thermal (Natural Gas) Thermal (Diesel)

Share of RES in Madeira: 33.7%

Power Generation Mix – 2024 Porto Santo Island



PV • Thermal (Diesel)

Total Installed Power - 20,67 MW

Peak Demand $\approx 7,67 \text{ MW } (16/08 - 21h00)$

Total EE emission ≈ 35,78 GWh

Population ≈ 5 151 inhabitants*

*(Source: Censos 2021)

Area: 42,48 km²

Population ≈ 246 000 inhabitants (Source: Censos 2021)

Source: EEM

EEM Clients ≈ 145 213 Madeira | 5 101 Porto Santo



TOTAL POPULATION ≈ 251 000 inhabitants

EEM's ENERGY STORAGE ASSETS: Reversible Hydro Power



Socorridos Reversible Hydroelectric Power Plant

Installed Power: 24,0 MW

Pumping Inst. Power: 3 x 3,75 MW

<u>Initial Operation:</u> 1994 → 2006 (Reversible)



Calheta III Reversible Hydroelectric Power Plant

Installed Power: 30,0 MW

Pumping Inst. Power: 3 x 5,5 MW

Initial Operation: 2021



Also acts as: Synchronous Condenser

EEM's Hydro Power Plant	Reversible Hydroelectric System Water Reservoirs						
	VOLUME (m³)			Power (MW)			
	Total	Useful	Head (m)	Production	Pumping System	Energy (MWh)	
Socorridos	40 000	30 000	457	24	10	30	
Calheta III*	1 000 000	860 000	650	30	17	1 273	
Pumping*	70 000	65 000				100	

Also acts as: Synchronous Condenser



BESS Porto Santo I

Nominal Power: 5,4 MVA / 4,3 MW

Capacity: 3,3 MWh

Provisional Acceptance (PA): 06/2020



Eligible Total Cost: 3.576.843,12 €

EU Financial Support: 641.958,64 €

Co-financed by POSEUR (Cohesion Fund):





REGIÃO AUTÓNOMA DA MADEIRA

BESS Madeira I – Vitória



www.euislands.eu | info@euislands.eu

Nominal Power: 23,7 MVA / 15 MW

Capacity: 16,4 MWh

PA: 09/2022

Eligible Total Cost: 9.308.857,27 €

EU Financial Support: 7.788.276,32 €







Source: EEM

UNIÃO EUROPEIA
Fundo de Coesão



BESS Porto Santo II

Nominal Power: 12 MVA / 8,92 MW

Capacity (BoL): 17,89 MWh

Provisional Acceptance (PA): 06/2024



Total Cost (Investment): 12.354.688,14 €

Actual EU Financial Support: 11.770.798,00 €

BESS Madeira II - Caniçal



Nominal Power: 27 MVA / 18,7 MW (AC)

Capacity (BoL): 16,1 MWh (AC)

Provisional Acceptance (PA): 01/2025

Total Cost (Investment): ≈ 15.900.000,00 €

Actual EU Financial Support: 15.891.820,00 €



Source: Hitachi Energy Portugal | EEM







REGIÃO AUTÓNOMA DA MADEIRA







EEM's Participation in European Projects (H2020 | HEU | CEF)





Demo 2 – Pump Hydro Storage System Combined with BESS & Synchronous Condensers [Portugal] INESC TEC, VG Colab, EEM

i-STENT

innovative
Energy
Storage
TEchnologies
TOwards
increased
Renewabels
integration
and Efficient
Operation

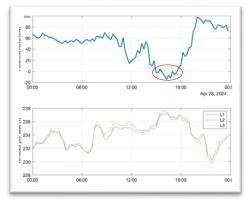


Co-funded by the European Union

https://istentore.eu/

Source: INESC TEC / VG COLAB / EEM





Main Tasks:

- Development of the day-ahead dispatch tool;
- Development of the inflows forecasting algorithms (Hydro Prediction using Neural Networks);
- Predictive Performance of LSTM Models for Hydropower Systems;
- Development of the dynamic security assessment algorithm;
- Pilot-scale testing & deployment of a VRFB
 (Vanadium Redox Flow Battery ESS)...

EEM's MOST VALUABLE ASSET: Human Resources (HR)



www.euislands.eu | info@euislands.eu

31/12/2024



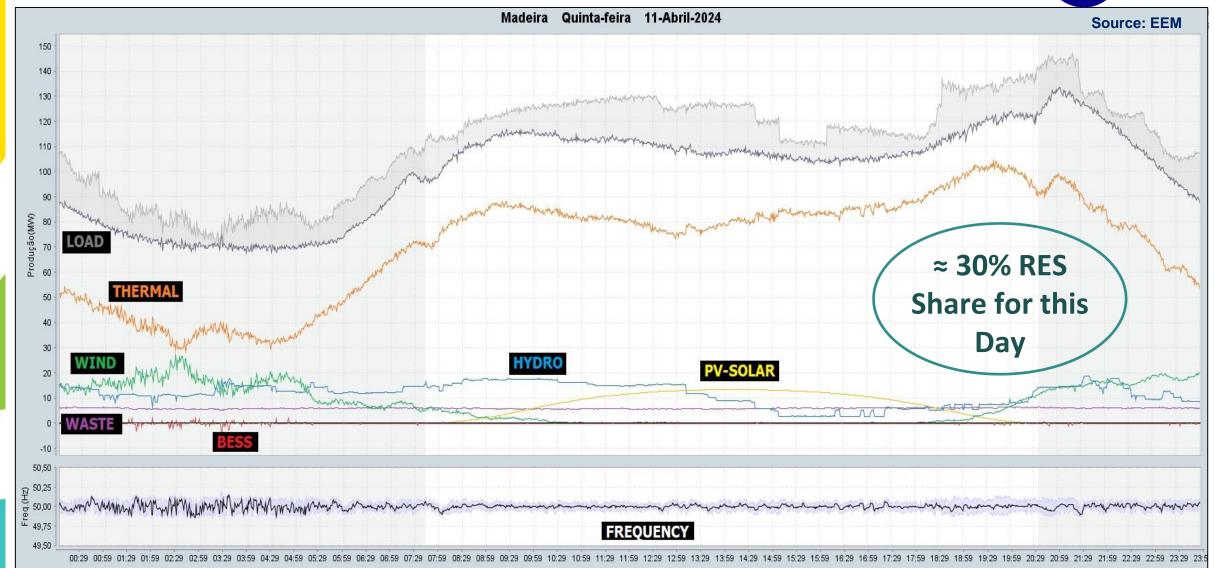
#620 Total Employees #571 Employees in Madeira Island

Source: EEM



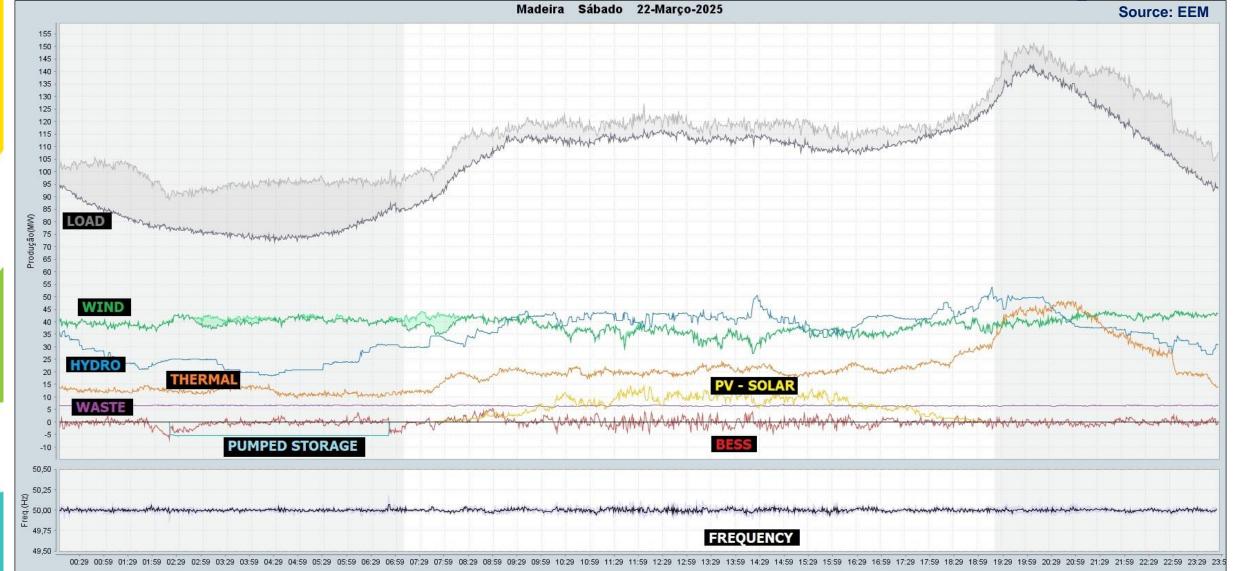
"AVERAGE" DAY LOAD DIAGRAM





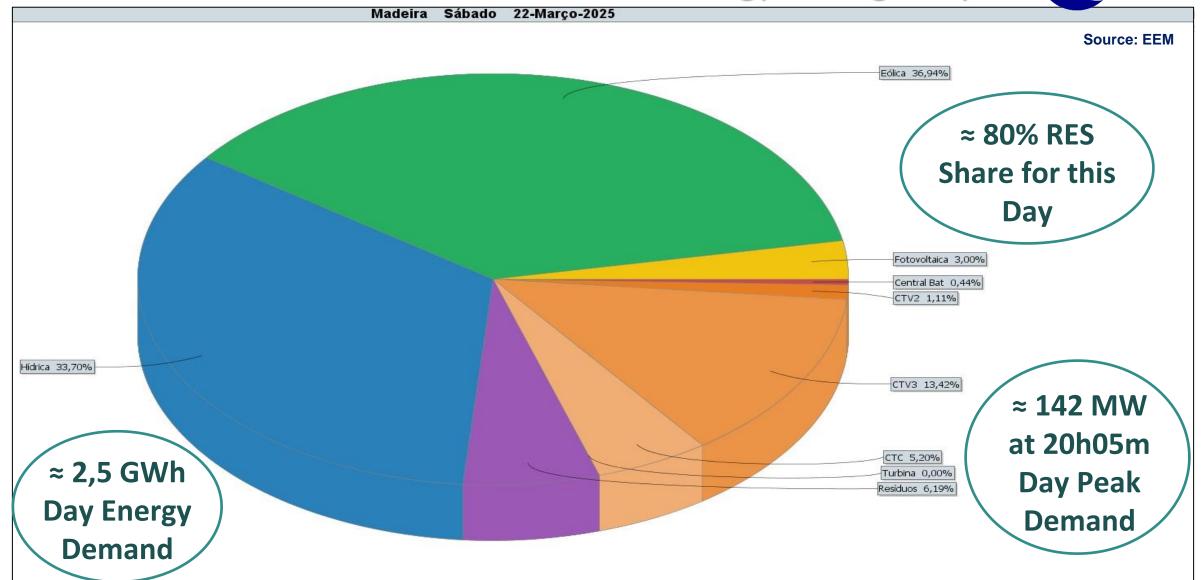
"AMAZING" DAY LOAD DIAGRAM: Energy Storage Impact





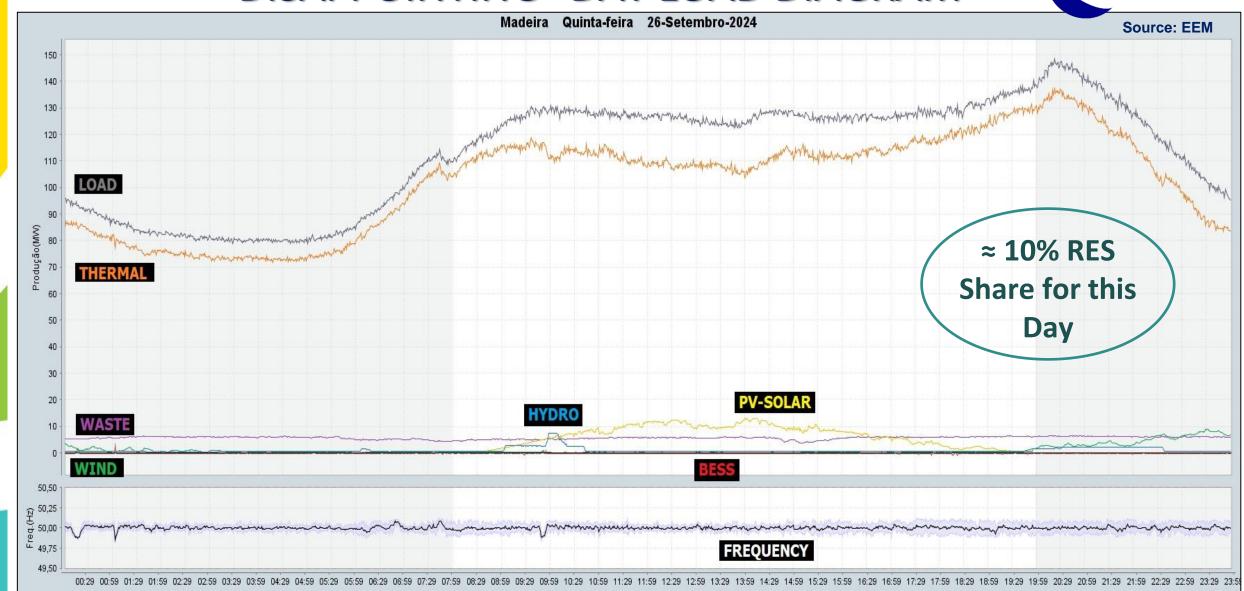
"AMAZING" DAY LOAD DIAGRAM: Energy Storage Impact





"DISAPPOINTING" DAY LOAD DIAGRAM





EEM - Madeira Island (Portugal)

Clean energy for EU islands www.euislands.eu | info@euislands.eu

System Services in non-interconnected electrical systems

Capabilities to ensure the safe operation of the electric system:

- A- Inertia capability
- B- Frequency regulation capability:
 - **B1-** Primary regulation
 - **B2-** Secondary regulation
- C- Voltage control/regulation capability
- Short-circuit capacity

Critical issue: high values of df/dt (RoCoF)

Traditional mix system generation		System services				
Technology	A-Inertia	B1_Frequency primary regulation	B1_Frequency secondary regulation	C-Voltage regulation		
Thermal Generation (Gas, Fuel/Diesel engines)	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Hydro	X	_	X	Χ		
Wind	х	_	_	X		
PV	-	_	_	X		
Waste incineration	Х	_	_	X		
Result	X✓	X√	X√	X√		
Result without thermal generation	Х	-	х	X√		

Mix system generation, without thermal	System services				
Tochnology	A Imautia	B1_Frequency primary	secondary	C-Voltage regulation	
Technology Symplement of a second and a sec	A-Inertia	regulation	regulation	regulation	
Synchronous condenser with inertia	X			Λ	
▶ Battery Power Plant	-	X	X	X	
Hydro reversible (Storage, pumping and operation as a					
synchronous condenser)	X	-	X	X	
Wind	x	-	-	X	
PV	-	-	-	X	
Waste incineration	Χ	-	-	X	
Result without thermal generation	х√	X√	х√	х√	

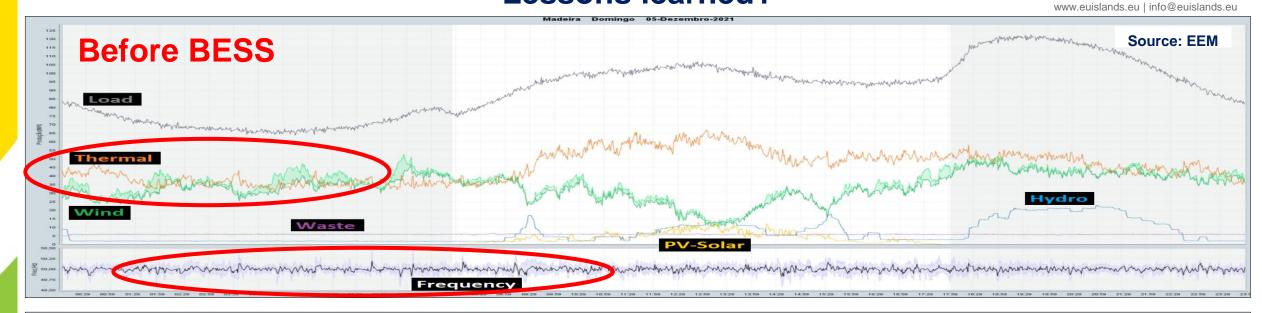


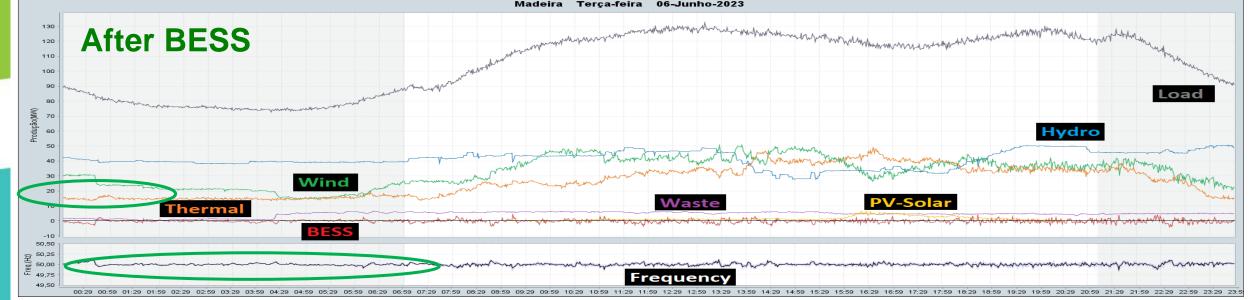
EEM - Madeira Island (Portugal)

Clean energy for EU islands

Electricidade da Madeira

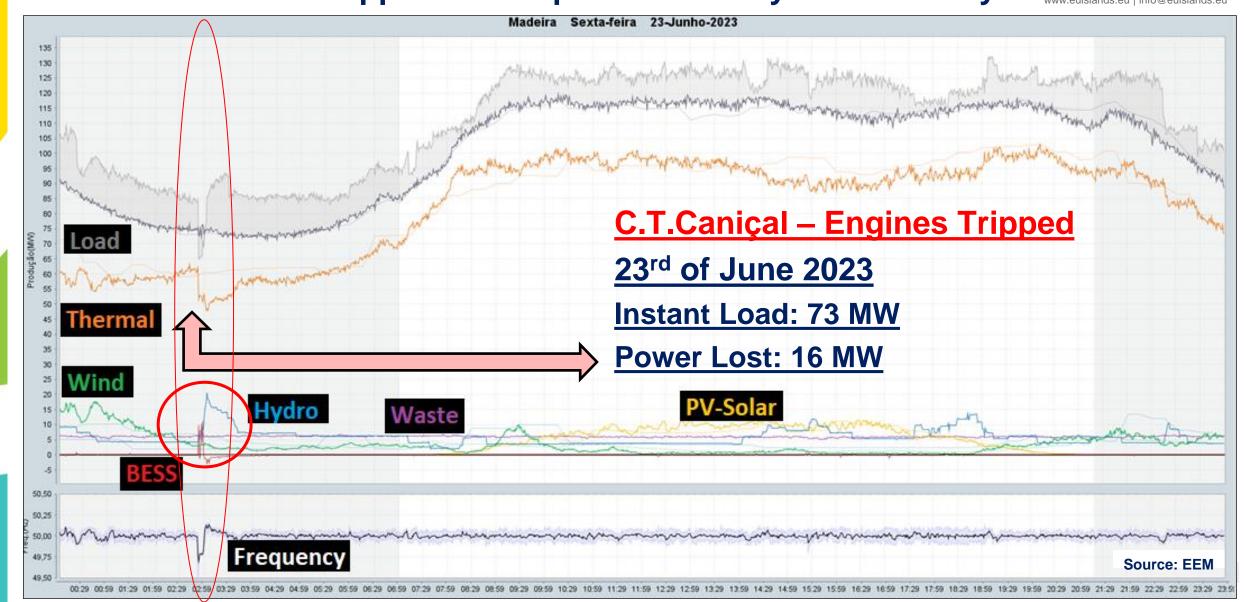






EEM - Madeira Island (Portugal)BESS support and importance for System Security:





HOW TO MANAGE A SYSTEM WITH HIGH & LOW RES? Clectricidade da Madeira



PAST

- > Grid instability (hard to control frequency and voltage), with the risk of electricity blackouts;
- > **High dependence** of thermal generators to provide ancillary services to the grid, removing space for the renewables integration and thus resulting in some **curtailment** of **RES** production;
- Low energy storage capacity;
- > Absence of controllable loads:
- Major challenges in the power grid stabilization and security of supply (intermittent RES / loads, DER);
- > No weather forecast data;
- ➤ No specific regulatory framework for non-interconnected islands...

PRESENT

Structuring the electrical system to operate without fossil fuels:

- **HW/SW** support:
- -TSO → SCADA/AGC Use of consolidated management instruments | Smart Grids technologies (weather forecast models and dataset, sensing, remote command, communication systems...) | Coordination with global management system (AGC);
- Storage assets (Reversible Hydroelectric Power Plants and Battery Energy Storage Systems (BESS) with grid-forming capability);
- Synchronous Condenser* (second half of 2025);
- DSO → ADMS/Distributed Energy Resource Management System (**DERMS**) → part of an **ADMS architecture:**
- High level trained technicians (HR);
- Regulatory and legal framework that ensures **new RES** installations to support the electrical system (local Grid Code since 2019)...

FUTURE

- ✓ Greater and higher-capacity storage assets ("GWh" water reservoir, very large-scale BESS...);
- ✓ More Demand Side Flexibility + DSM features;
- ✓ AMI Advanced Metering Infrastructures (smartmeters information \rightarrow smartening and digitalization of the grid + real time customer consumption profiles);
- ✓ EVMS Electrical Vehicle Management System → V1G/V2G smart-charging, innovative projects deployment from past European Pilot Projects;
- ✓ Support from more hybrid and decentralized **RES installations** - attractive conditions for private investment in **RES sector** under competitive circumstances;
- ✓ Support from Madeira **prosumers and aggregators** - more (renewable) energy communities (**REC**);
- ✓ Alternative, "more sustainable" thermal power plants (decommissioning of old thermal plants);
- ✓ A.I. support for smarter, more efficient, reliable, and sustainable power grids and support of SW applications...







Need more information?

HYDRO:

https://www.youtube.com
/watch?v=D2fZgd8e3PM

https://www.youtube.com
/watch?v=QMuZm8B81hI

BESS:

Central de Baterias EEM

https://www.youtube.com/
watch?v=9tub8osqnY0

https://youtu.be/S9tpRr5iX5Q

https://youtu.be/wJq89TitUeA

Source: EEM

