

# Capacity based DSO tariffs

Project owner

**energicentrum**  
GOTLAND

Project partner

**GEAB**   
Gotlands Energi



Funded by  
the European Union

Background

**Regulatory sandbox for DSO tariffs, since 2016**

**Target**

- Efficient grid utilization

**Problems**

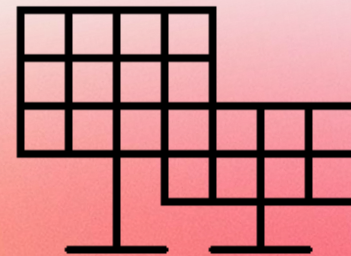
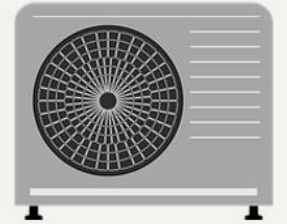
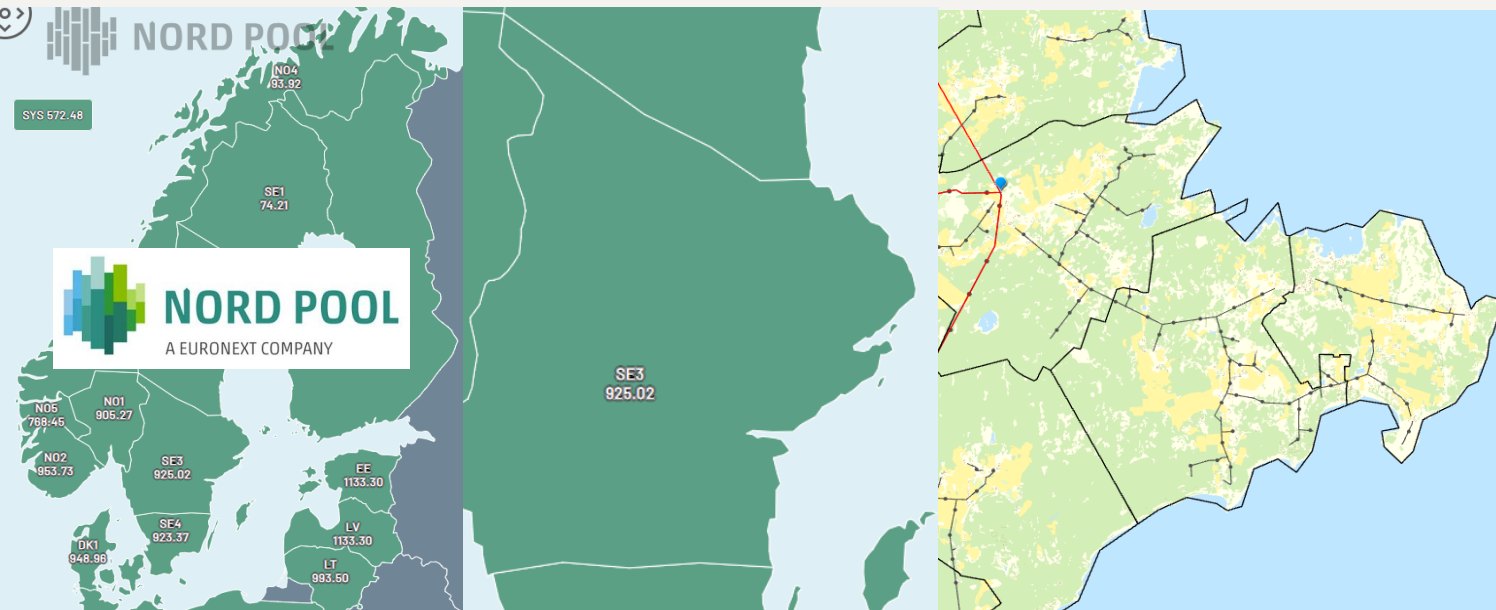
- Low grid utilization
- Too much solar in weak grids
- Local grid congestion - Spot price adaption
- Shutdown of RES at low spot prices

**Authorities propose a "time-differentiated" power fee for all DSOs 2027**

- Not adapted to real location-based scenarios



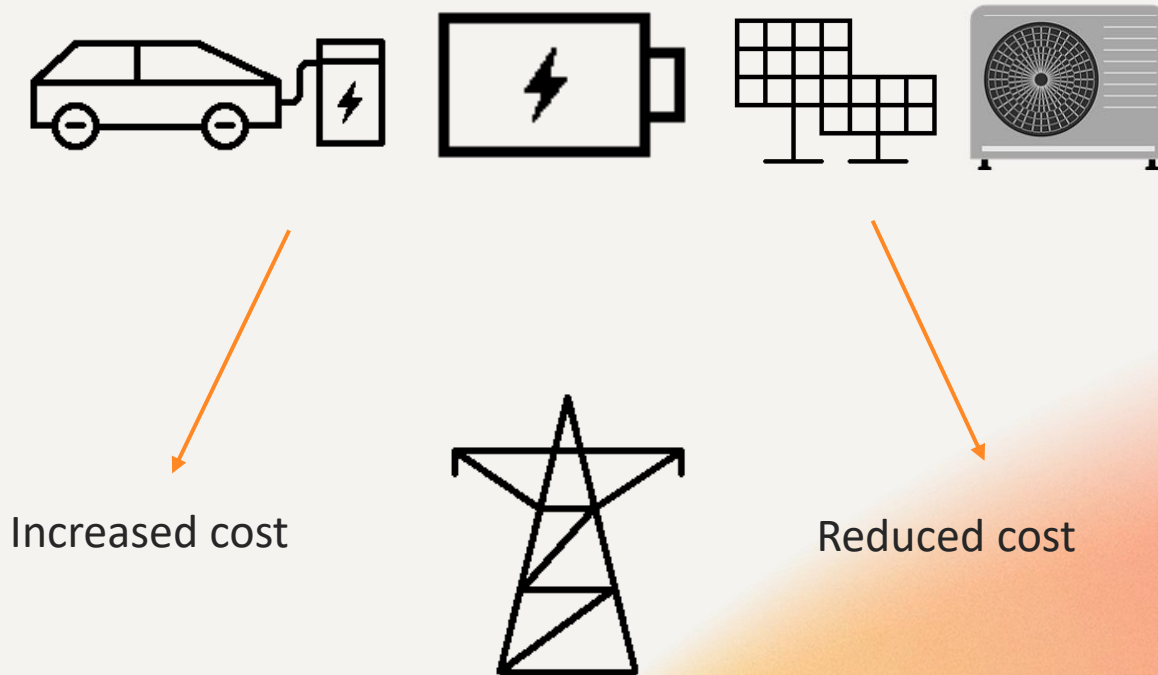
# Grid congestion caused by one-sided flexibility incentives



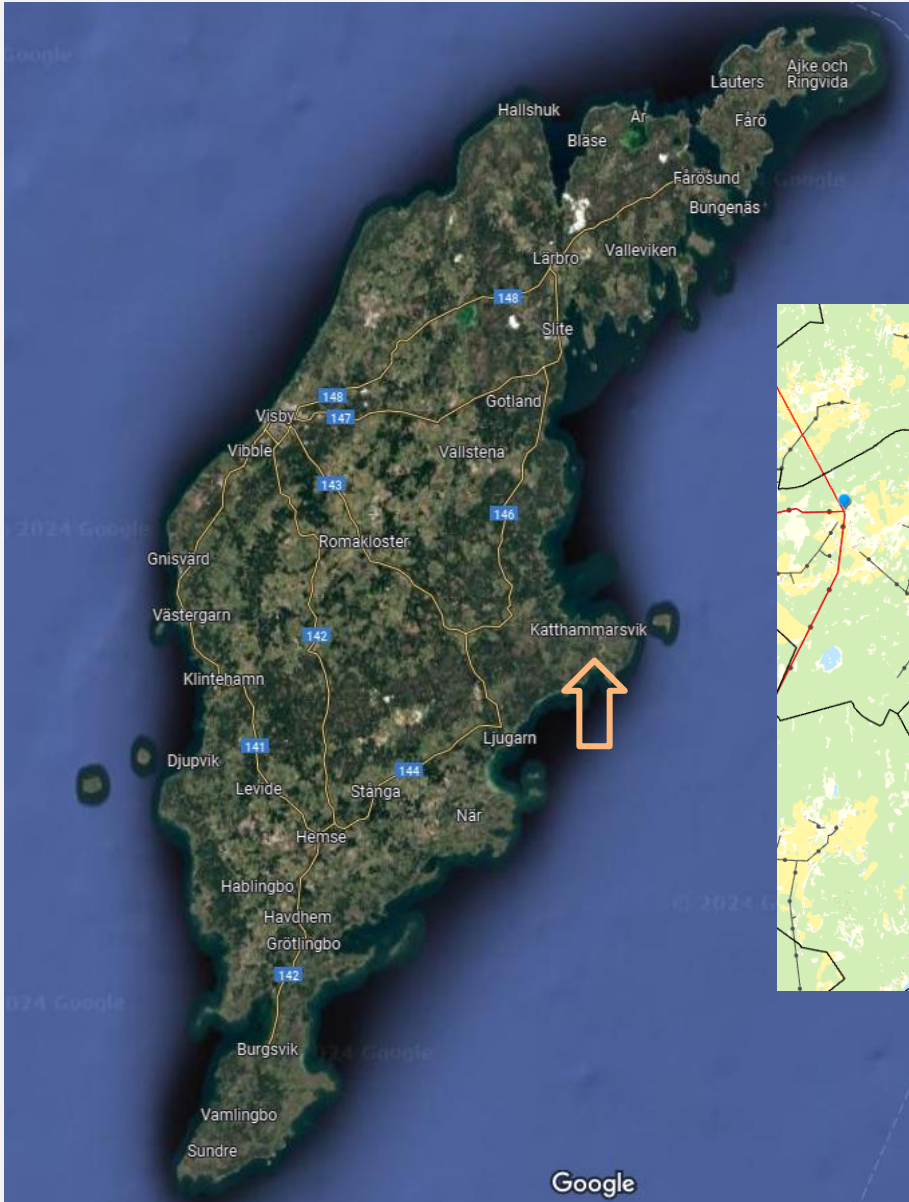
**Solution: Adapt flexibility-incentives to local grid conditions**

# Flexible resources

Automated flexible resources



Depending on the control signal



## Our solution

**A high resolution  
capacity-based approach**

## **Where**

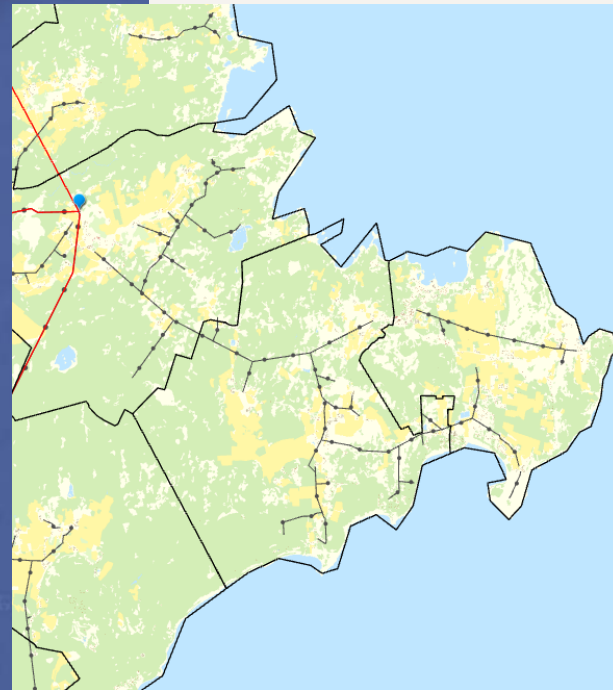
Sweden – East of Gotland - Kräklingbo

## **Resolution**

- 1700 costumers/150 Secondary substation
- Due to the station load, unique prices per every station,
- Time: 30-minutes
- Location and time specific!

## **12 month test**

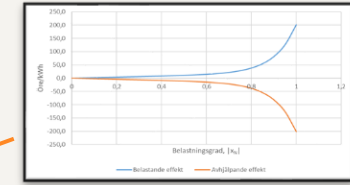
- Start 1 feb-2025
- 10 testpilots



According to this you will actual pay for the strain you cause where you actually are and when it happens.



Historical data from customers and secondary substations



Tariff pricing model

**Customers**



**Behavior**

AI power grid analysis



Digital twin



Weather forecast

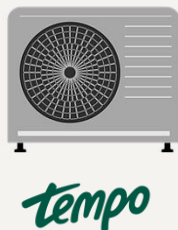
Price signal/hour to customer  
Grouped by secondary substation  
SE3\_1...

Price signal/30 min 4 pm

Tomorrow's  
spot price



Automatic  
controls



Satisfied customers



### Satisfied users

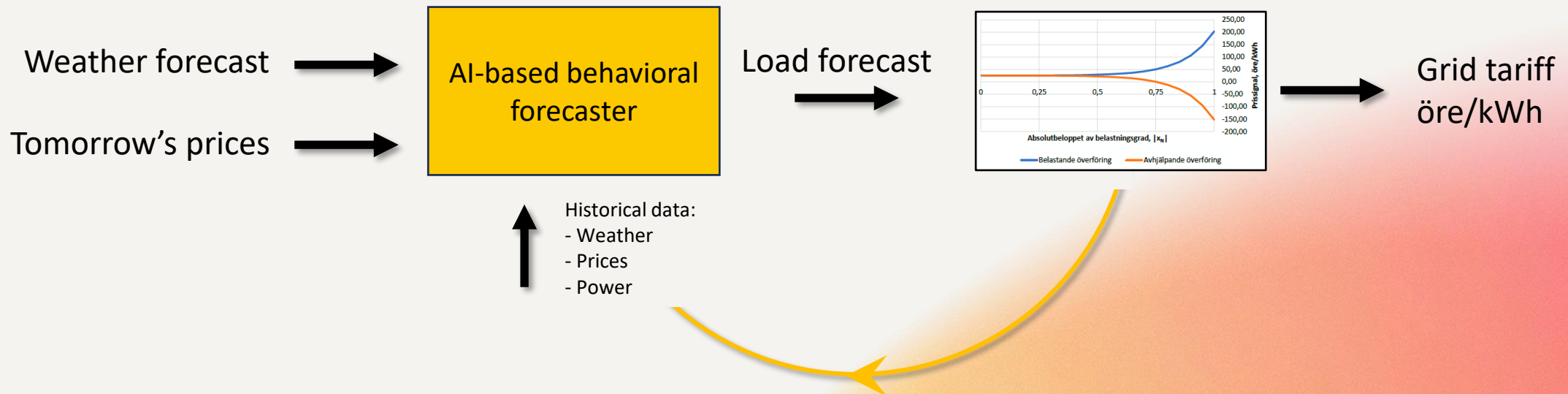
- User friendly App
- High-degree of automation
- Composite price signal (= spot + grid prices)
- Two signals, usage and production



# Calculation of the tariff based on load forecast

1. The forecasted load is directly translated via our diagram to grid energy prices.

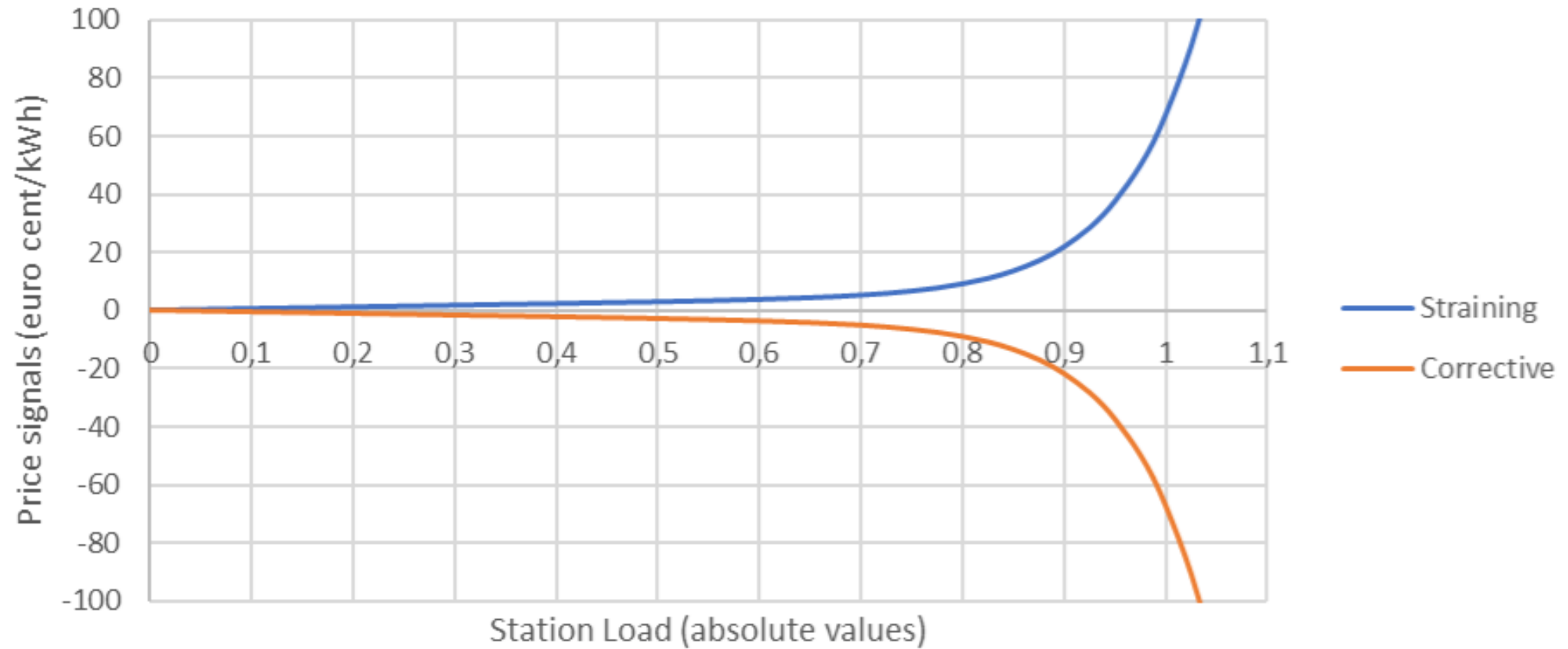
2. The updated energy prices may impact the station load due to adjusted behavior.



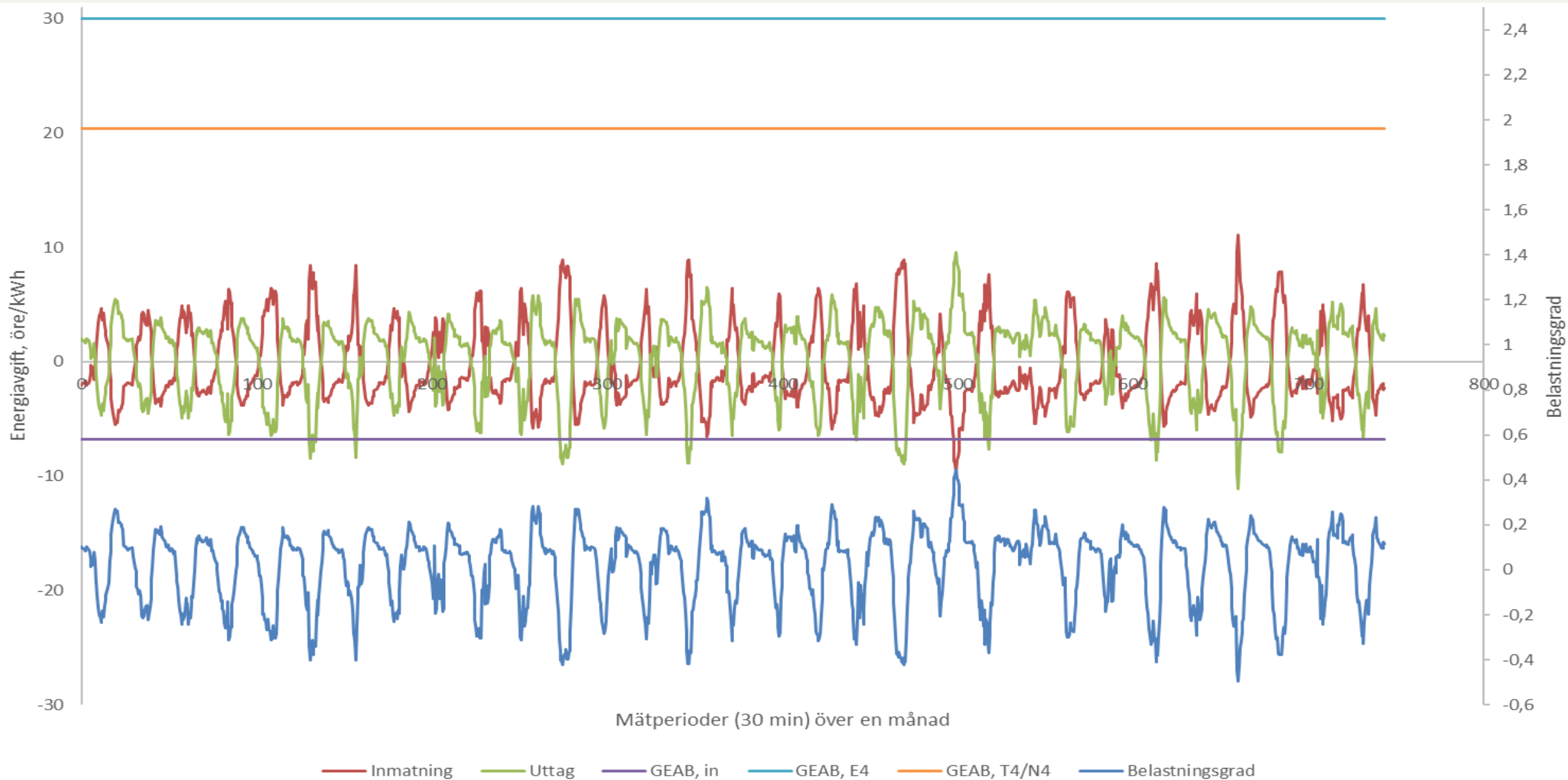
3. The adjusted load results in a recalculated price

This iterative process continues until the difference between the iterations is small enough.



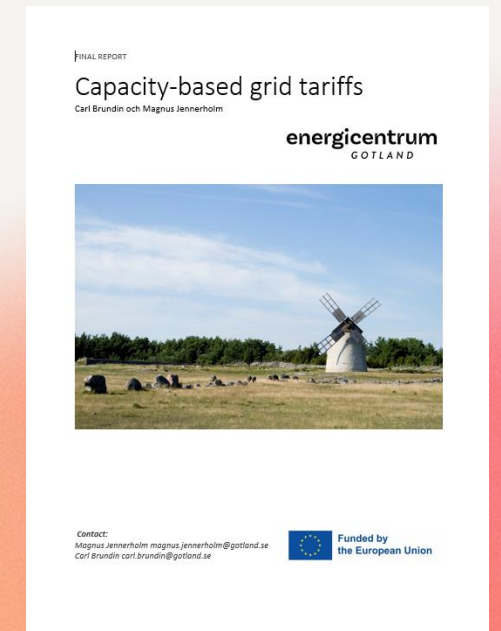


- The goal is a balance between consumption and production
- Higher incentives for balance is only present at high loads



# Download the project's final report

- [www.energicentrum.gotland.se/project/tariffmodeller](http://www.energicentrum.gotland.se/project/tariffmodeller)



A wide-angle landscape photograph capturing a serene sunset. A gravel road curves from the foreground towards the horizon, bordered on the left by a white wooden fence. The road leads through a field of tall, golden-brown grasses. In the distance, the ocean stretches across the horizon under a sky filled with soft, golden clouds. The sun is low on the horizon, creating a bright glow and reflecting on the water's surface. The overall mood is peaceful and contemplative.

Questions?