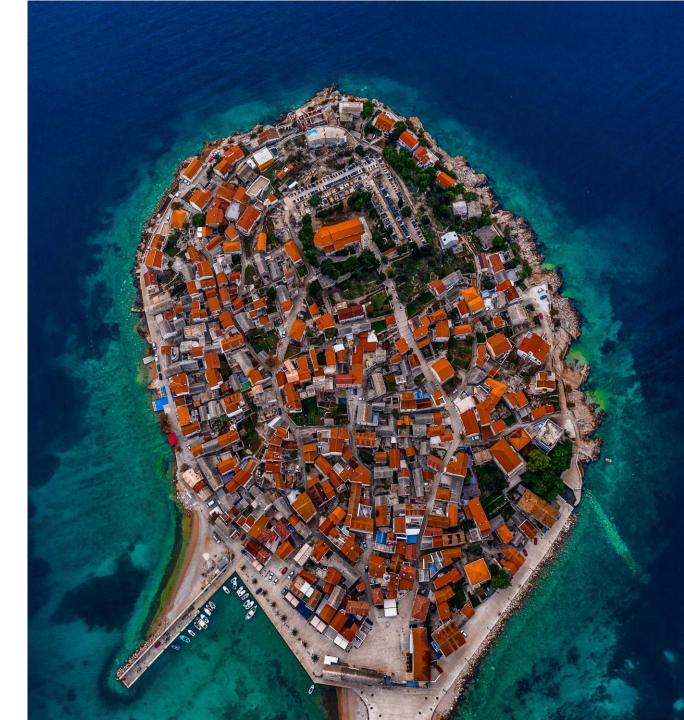


RENEWDAMMUSI Renewable and energy efficient solutions for local dwellings dammusi

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Introduction

TEBE-IEEM Research Group supported Ente Parco Nazionale dell'Isola di Pantelleria (PNIP) in developing RENEWDAMMUSI project.

RENEWDAMMUSI project aims to enable and encourage **the spread of renewable and energy efficient solutions** for typical local dwellings "dammusi" by proposing an innovative approach in the management of permitting procedures at the island scale.

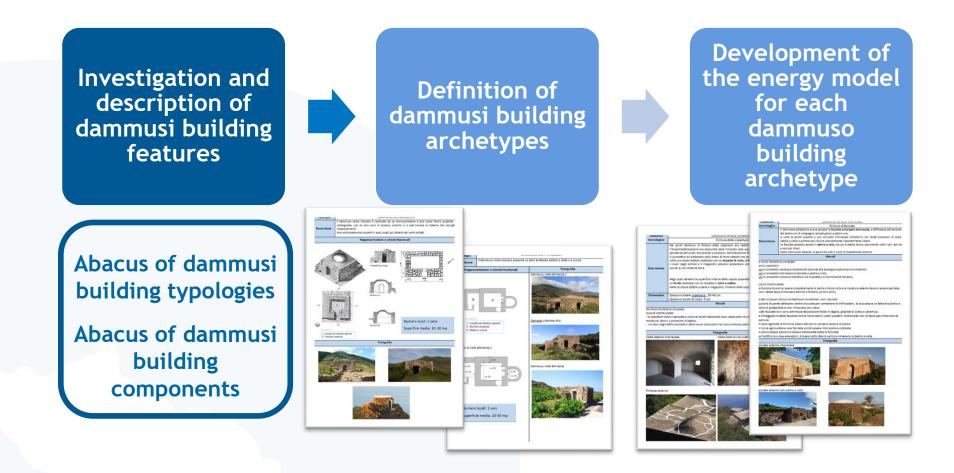
The project engages institutional actors responsible of environmental and landscape permission procedures (PNIP and Superintendence for the cultural heritage) to define and discuss a set of **technical guidelines** to enable the implementation of energy efficiency actions on the public and private buildings of Pantelleria.







Methodology 1/2









Methodology 2/2

Definition of energy efficiency measures for energy retrofit of dammusi buildings

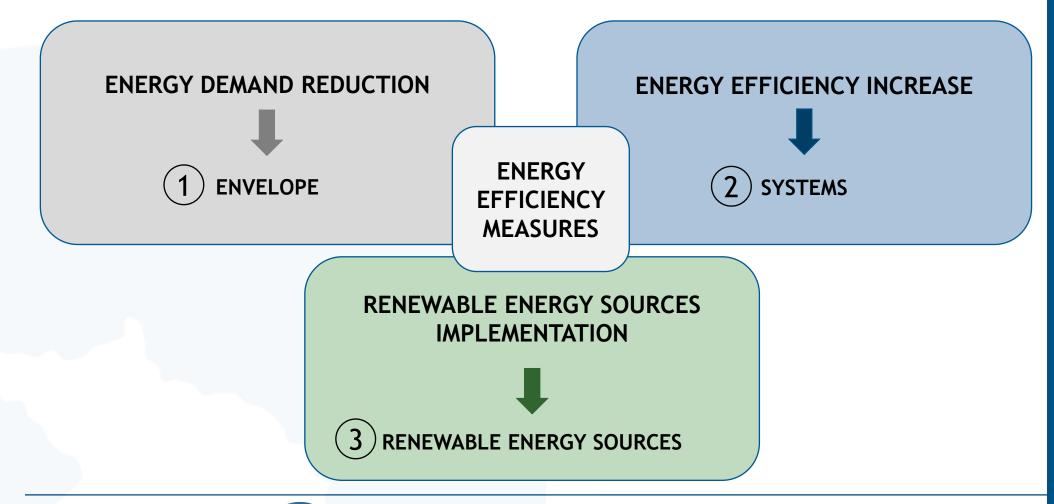


Energy performance assessment of different retrofit scenarios, implementing the energy model developed for each dammuso building archetype Development of technical guidelines for energy efficiency improvement of dammusi buildings and definition of the required environmental permitting procedures













Envelope

REGULATORY CONSTRAINTS

Walls:

- It is not allowed to realize façade cladding alien to traditional types (brick and marble)
- Plastering stone façade is not permitted •
- Facade plaster must be made up of lime and sand

Windows and doors:

- Windows and doors frame must be made of wood •
- Windows and doors must be set back from the edge of the facade •
- Roller shutters are not allowed

Roof:

- It is not allowed to install false ceiling on vaults
- External roof surface must be waterproofed with a tuff and lime layer •







Envelope

No interventions involving envelope **ENERGY EFFICIENCY STRATEGIES**

Interventions on vertical envelope (opague and transparent) and roof

Walls

Insulating plaster on internal and/or external surface:

Innovative . nanocomposite plaster

or

Natural mineral lime-. based plaster

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Windows

Windows replacement:

- Wooden frame
- Low-e double glazing filled with air
- Internal integrated shutters

Doors

Doors replacement:

Wooden panels

Roof

Insulating plaster on internal surface of vault:

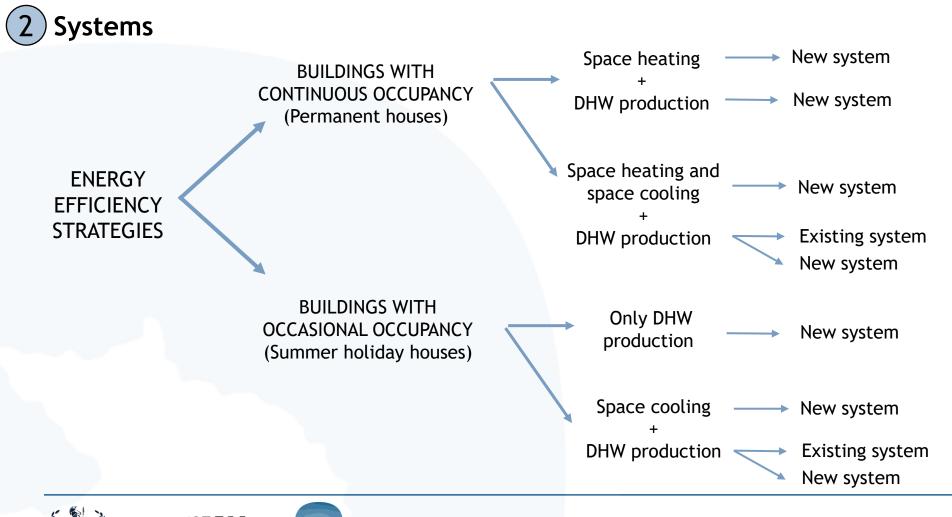
Innovative ٠ nanocomposite plaster

or

Natural mineral lime-٠ based plaster

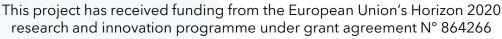






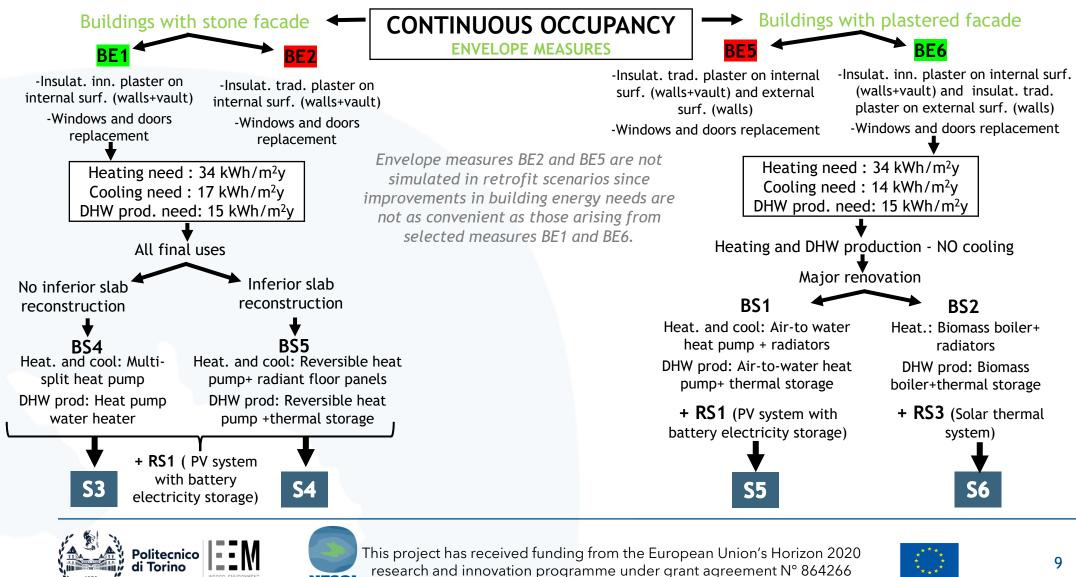
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Definition of retrofit scenarios



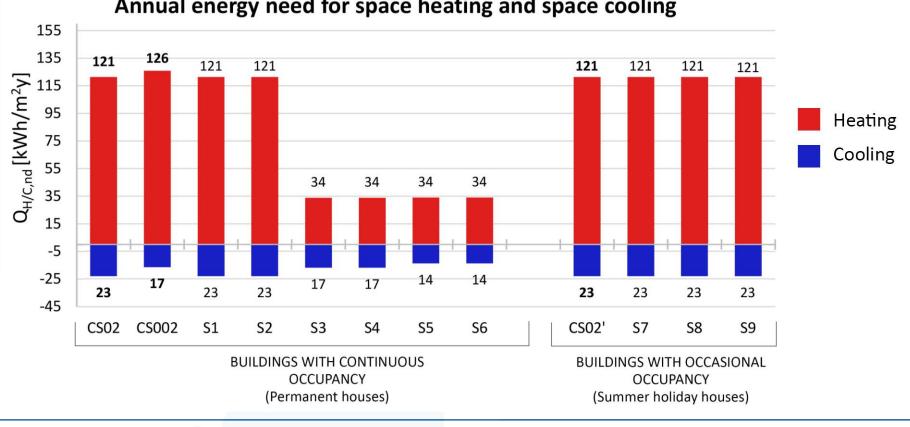
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Retrofit scenarios results

Building energy needs

ARCHETYPE 2 : Dammuso per aggregazione complessa

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Annual energy need for space heating and space cooling

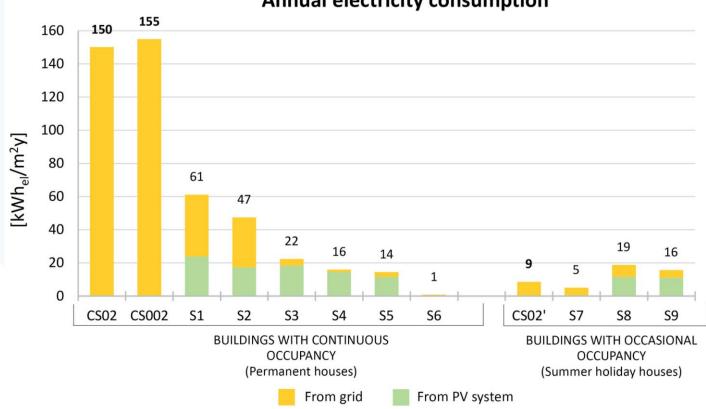




Retrofit scenarios results

Final energy uses

ARCHETYPE 2 : Dammuso per aggregazione complessa



Annual electricity consumption

Results are obtained considering a 1kWp south oriented PV system with optimal slope (31°)





Conclusions on definition of retrofit scenarios

BUILDING WITH CONTINUOUS OCCUPANCY

- In case of a slight renovation, where envelope is not involved, non-invasive systems for space heating and space cooling are proposed with eventual replacement of existing system for DHW production (BS3, BS4).
- In case of slight renovation, where envelope is partially involved (BE1), non-invasive systems for space heating and space cooling are proposed. In case of major renovation, where inferior slab has to be reconstructed, air-to water heat pump is proposed as combined system for space heating, space cooling and DHW production. Radiant floor panels are proposed as terminal devices (BS5).
- In case of complete major renovation, where envelope is totally involved (BE6), space cooling is no longer needed. Invasive systems are proposed for space heating and DHW production: radiators are proposed as terminal devices (BS1,BS2).

In all cases, renewable energy sources are introduced.







Conclusions on definition of retrofit scenarios

BUILDING WITH OCCASIONAL OCCUPANCY

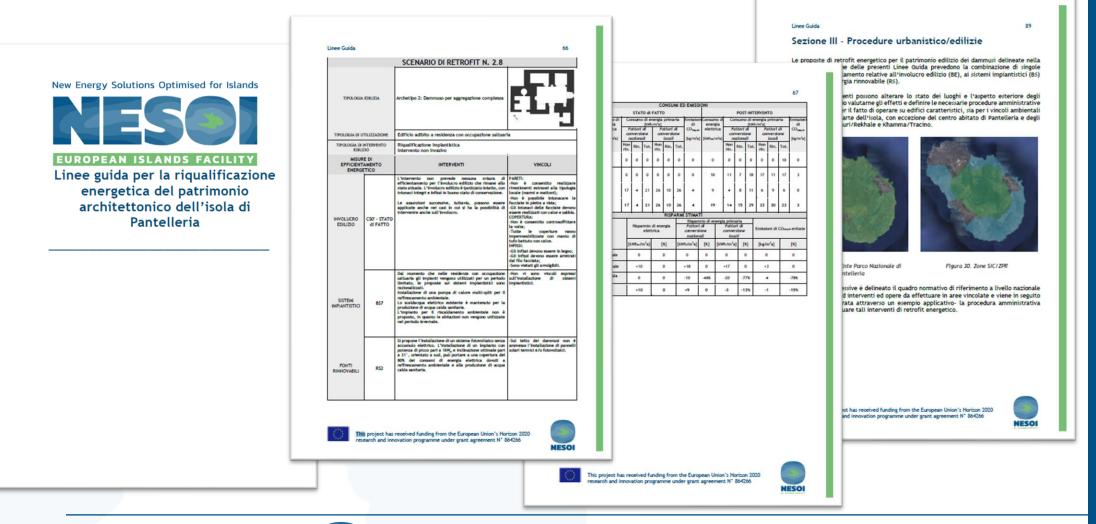
- For any situation, replacement of existing system for DHW production is proposed (BS6). In this case, it is not necessary to introduce renewable energy sources. Introduction of renewable energy systems, indeed, is expensive if compared to their actual exploitation, which is limited to summer months from May to September.
- In cases in which space cooling is needed or required, non-invasive system is proposed with eventual replacement of existing system for DHW production (BS7, BS8). Since cooling system is assumed as not present at the current state, its introduction implies higher final consumption than the current ones; to overcome this, photovoltaic system, has to be introduced. Photovoltaic system is proposed without battery electricity storage, since its introduction is expensive if compared to its actual exploitation, which is limited to summer months from May to September.







Guidelines





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New Energy Solutions Optimised for Islands



EUROPEAN ISLANDS FACILITY

Thank you! cristina.becchio@polito.it



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