

### Agri-PV best practices in Europe

#### **Clean Energy for EU islands Forum 2024**

The energy transition for enhancing the resilience of economic activities on islands





### Policy Advisor for Sustainability SolarPower Europe

Dual-use of land, incl. Agri-PV, biodiversity PV, floating PV





- Representing the whole solar value chain - 300 organisations
- Working closely with 30+ national associations
- Based in Brussels



# Global impact on agriculture in the context of climate, environment and economy

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 Water scarcity is expected to increase in more than 80% of croplands worldwide. Energy prices in agricultural production were 86% higher in **2022** in comparison to 2020, where price increase for electricity was 72%.

**50% of crops** are estimated to decrease in yield by 2050 due to climate change in Europe.

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 About 11% of EU agricultural land is under high risk of abandonment.

- Global food prices grew by 60% in 2022 in comparison to 2020; food price volatility creates risks for farmers in the EU.
- Growing population is expected to reach 8.6 bn by 2030 – 2x more agriculture production will be needed.
- 1 M
- Higher unemployment rate among young people in rural areas, reaching 13.4%.
- Rural areas on average have older population & will decline in coming decades.



### What is the potential for Agri-PV in Europe?



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#### EU 2030 High scenario for solar: >1 TW



#### Agri-PV can contribute to the EU target:

- **1 TW** solar target by 2030
- **5 TW** solar target by 2040

Less than 1% of agriculture land needs to be converted to Agri-PV to offset global energy demand

### 1. Agrisolar: PV deployed in the farm territory



#### PV integrated into the roofs of agricultural buildings

- Decarbonises the farm's energy usage
- Provides financial support through selling of excess energy
- Provides clean energy supply to power agricultural activities such as farm machinery

#### PV integrated into the irrigation systems

- Provides supply of clean energy
- Enables more efficient water usage
- Provides long-term cost savings



# **2. Agri-PV:** PV installations collocated with agriculture and nature conservation



#### Interrow PV: PV systems where the farming activity takes place between the rows

- Crops can be grown in between the rows
- Livestock grazing can take place between the rows

### Overhead PV: elevated PV systems, where the farming activity takes place underneath the panels

- Crops can be grown beneath the PV panels and provide partial shading
- PV panels can provide shade for livestock and thus improve the welfare of the animals

### Solar Greenhouses: a closed agrivoltaics system where PV panels are placed on the roofs of greenhouses and are designed for agricultural production

• Systems are equipped with PV panels that are partially transparent and can be built on horticulture glass, plastic, windbreak or insect-proof nets.



### How does agrisolar benefit farmers?



**Economic benefits** 



**Social benefits** 

- **Revenue** from the energy sold
- Financial benefits of crop increase
- Rent of the roof or land for agrisolar activities
- **Reduced energy use** and hence cost-savings for irrigation
- Use of green energy to power agricultural activities
- Job creation in rural areas
- New qualifications and trainings in agricultural sector
- Establishment of RES communities
- **Creating sustainable** and **attractive rural areas** for next generations
- Locally sold food produce



### What does agrisolar offer to the farmers?



Environmental benefits

- Water savings up to **20-30%**
- Increase in soil moisture **up to 15%**
- **Reduced energy use** for irrigation due to decrease in evapotranspiration
- Reduction in use of plastic crop protection systems
- Increase in **pollinator habitats by 10%**
- Increase in protected species on site
- Less pesticide and fertiliser use on AgriPV sites



### **Other environmental benefits to the farmers**

Climate adaptation and resilience

- Reduction of temperature under PV panels **by 51%**
- Increase in carbon storage by 80% with sheep grazing (<u>Source</u>)
- **Protection of flora and fauna** during climaterelated events



Land efficiency

• Land productivity increase between 30 to 186 % (Source)



### **Case examples of agrisolar**



#### Agrisolar barns; Corsica France

#### Key aspects:

- Barn designed to provide storage for fodder, funded by the rooftop PV system
- Empowered farmers;
- Increased food, agriculture, and energy independence for Corsica



#### AKUO's agrisolar projects in Reunion island

#### Key aspects:

- To support ambitious goals of installing 500MW solar capacity by 2028;
- 30 active employees ;
- Greenhouse PV growing medical herbs ;
- Third-party investment in greenhouse installation
- Reduction in pesticides ;
- Energy used to supply islands network



#### **Experimental Grapevine site; France**

#### Key aspects:

- High temperature reduced in summer: 51% reduction in scorching hours under dynamic shading;
- 66% reduction in temperature in periods with too much sunlight;
- Water use reduction: 32%;
- A systematically lower soil temperature under controlled shading;
- Vegetative growth: greater and longer sustained vegetative growth throughout the season.



### Agrisolar digital map





→ Check our agrisolar website for more information: <u>https://agrisolareurope.org/</u>





## Thanks for listening

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